



Analytical Report

«The Eurasian Economic Union & Latin America and the Caribbean: A Transcontinental Partnership»



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«EURASIAN ECONOMIC UNION AND THE COUNTRIES OF LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN: TRANSCONTINENTAL PARTNERSHIP»

Presentation of the Key Conclusions

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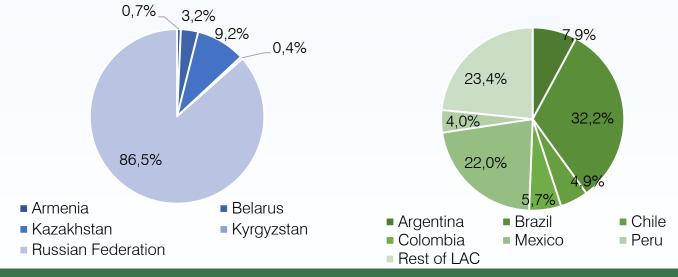
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Structure of the report

- EAEU and LAC Profiles in International Affairs
- EAEU and LAC Economic Structures and Growth Patterns
- Prospects for Mutual Trade Development
- Prospects for Mutual Investment and Business Cooperation
- Challenges and Opportunities in Achieving Inclusive and Sustainable Growth
- Proposals on Development of Cooperation

LAC and EAEU Economic Profiles: 1/2

	States	Territory (mln km2)	Population (mln)	GDP (current prices, bln USD)
LAC	33	20,4	646	5,72
EAEU	5	20,2	182	1,97

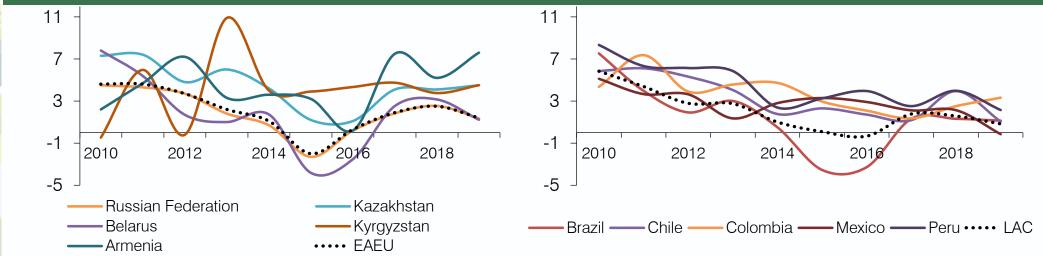


Uneven GDP distribution

is a common characteristic of the two regions

LAC experiences growth slowdown.

The economic **growth rates** in the **EAEU is less synchronized but positive** (except for 2020).

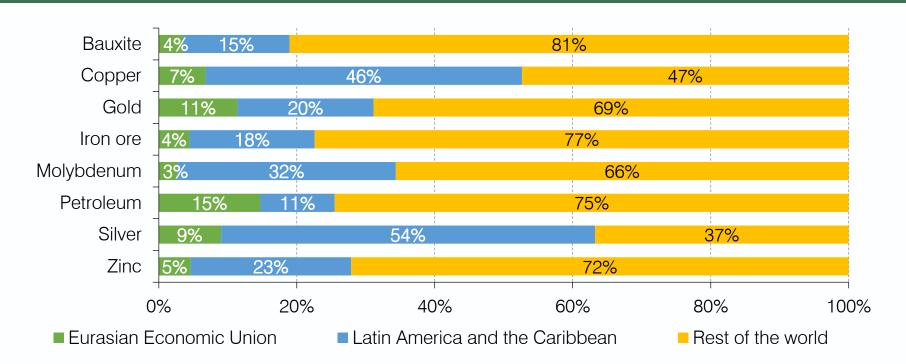


LAC and EAEU Economic Profiles: 2/2

Both regions' GDP structure is dominated by the tertiary sector



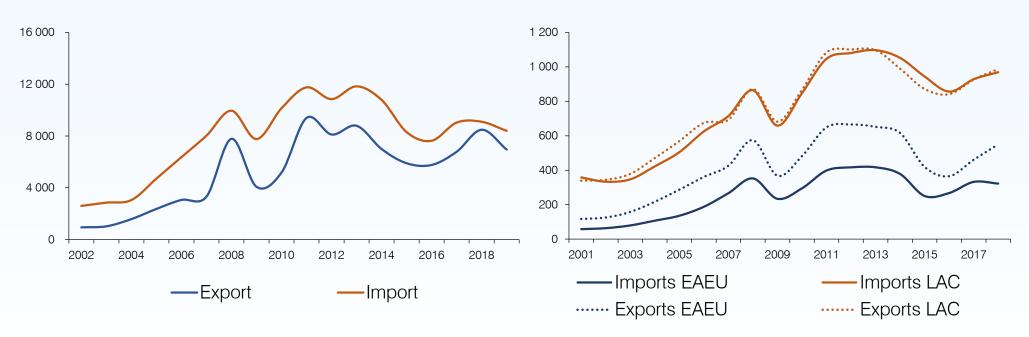
Resource endowment results in dependence on the raw materials markets dynamics



External and Mutual Trade Dynamics



Total EAEU and LAC Export and Import, bln USD



EAEU trade balance with LAC is **negative**

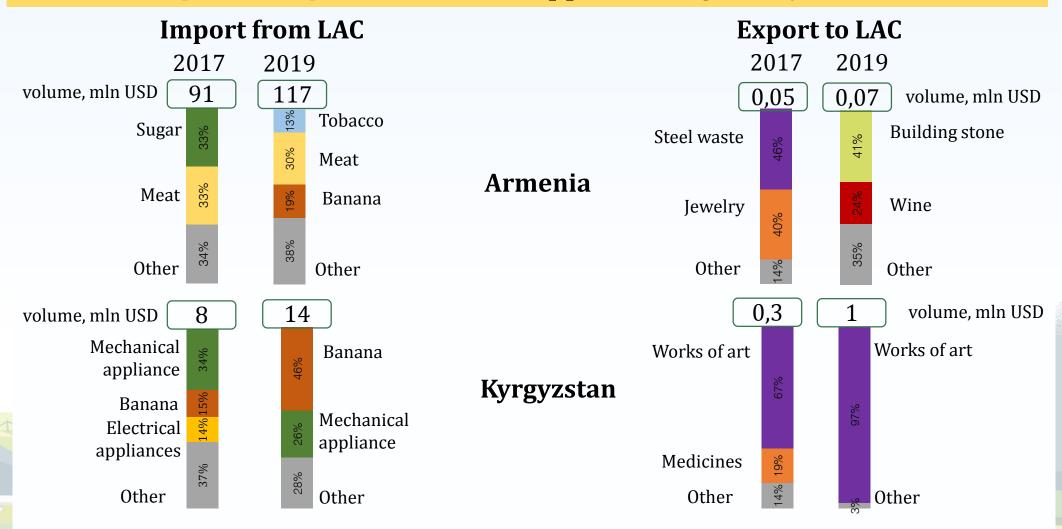
In total trade, EAEU balance is **positive**; LAC trade is **balanced**.

Both regions are **predominantly supplying raw and resource-based materials**, whereas **importing technology-based manufactures**.

EAEU-LAC Trade: Armenia, Kyrgyzstan

Export structure is **volatile**.

The reason: export is comprised of **one-off supplies**, fading in 3-4 years.



Sustained export niches appear to have not yet been identified

EAEU-LAC Trade: Belarus

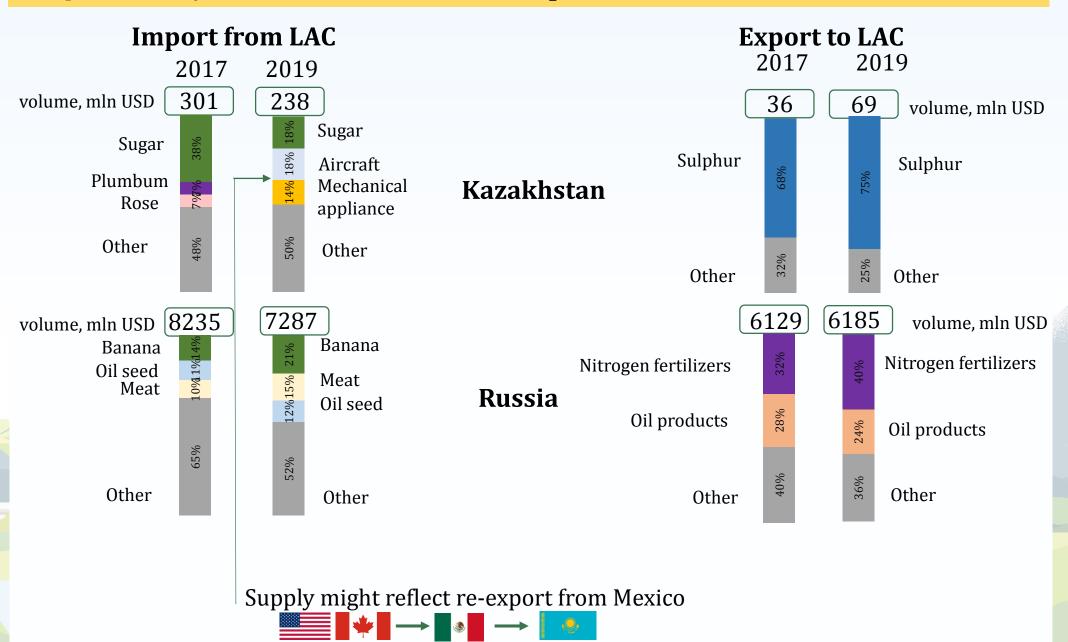
Disregarding one-off oil supply, import volume is **negligible**.



Export specialization is **potash fertilizers**.

EAEU-LAC Trade: Kazakhstan, Russia

Although Russia and Kazakhstan's trade cooperation with the LAC region is **sustained**, it is primordially based on **low added-value products**.



Impediments to Trade Development

Expensive logistics resulting from far distances and remoteness from transport hubs

 $16\,380\,\mathrm{km}$ – distance between Nur-Sultan and Santiago (by air)

Non-tariff barriers

Examples:



Dominican Republic's import duty 85%-99% - out of quota (including EAEU) 20%-25% - under quota



Brazil bans import of wine in containers of volume larger than 5 liters

Integration in the key trade partners' supply chains

31% share of EAEU import from EU

20/o share of EAEU import from LAC

32% share of LAC import from USA

share of LAC import from EAEU

EAEU-LAC Investment: Statistics

974

mln USD - volume of LAC FDI to EAEU, 2019

189

mln USD – volume of EAEU FDI to LAC, 2019

99%

of LAC FDI to EAEU are engendered by offshore territories*,

and 98.3% thereof target Russian Federation.

^{*} According to the Russian Federal Tax Service, LAC offshore territories comprise: Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Belize, Grenada, Dominica, Panama, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia.

EAEU-LAC Investment: Business Cases

Automobile Industry



Bus manufacturing (Russia) - «KAMAZ» (Russia) & «Marcopolo» (Brazil)

Tractors production (Venezuela) – «MAZVEN» (Belarus) & Government of Venezuela

Automobile assembling (Cuba) - «GAZ» (Russia)

Food Industry



Meat-processing plant (Russia) – «JBS» (Brazil) & «Cremonini» (Italy)

Nachos production (Russia) - «Gruma» (Mexico) & «Mission Foods Stupino» (Russia)

Soybean production - «Sodrujestvo» group (Russia) & «Carol» (Brazil)

Pharmacy



Flue vaccines production (Nicaragua) – Mechnikov's Latin American Biotech Enterprise (Russia & Nicaragua)

Technical Maintenance



Maintenance and repair of civil and military helicopters (Peru) – «Rostech» (Russia)

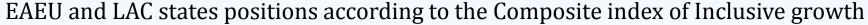
Chemical Industry

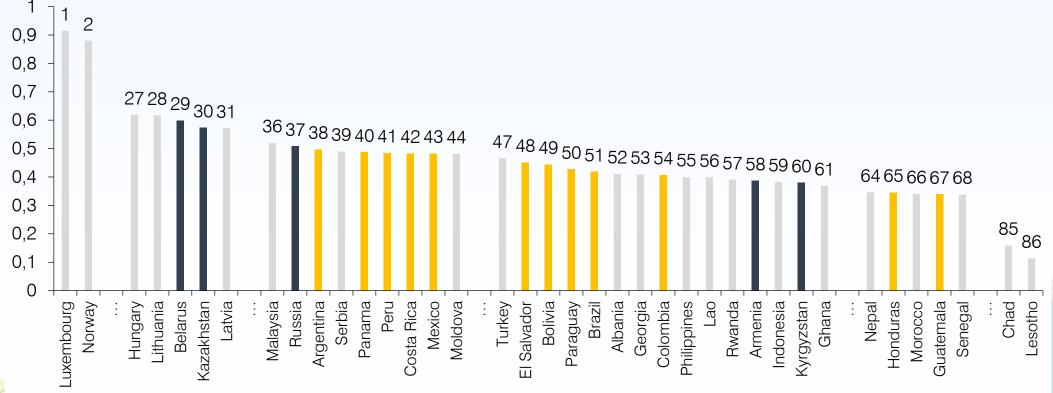


Fertilizers production (Brazil) - «Eurochim» (Russia)

Inclusive growth: Composite Index

Inclusive growth index (calculated based on joint EEC & UNCTAD methodology) – composite assessment of **economic development**, **quality of life and fight against inequality**.





The most challenging direction for both regions is «economic growth» pillar.

The **EAEU** comparative advantage **is fight against inequality**, above all, in the labor market.

The LAC comparative advantage is ecological responsibility.

Propositions of Cooperation Development: 1/2



Trade expansion

Enhancement of awareness on business opportunities in LAC and EAEU Identification and alleviation of the most challenging barriers, above all in the spheres, where:

- prices are insensitive to the cost of logistics (ICT-services)
- demand is insensitive to prices (coffee from LAC, jewelry, fruit spirits, palladium from EAEU)



Joint value chains and ventures establishment

Identification of the spheres of complementarity
Diagnostics and mitigation of the most challenging barriers



Cooperation in the sphere of energy

here including in the sphere of "green" energy provided favorable regulatory environment in LAC



Tourism

Launch of direct flights and tours with the organized stops at the transfer spots Information campaigns promotion Cultural and eco-tourism

Proposals of Cooperation Development: 2/2



Multilateral system support

Promotion of principles of transparency in trade and economic relations and international cooperation



Exchange of regulatory experience

here including as far as the structural economic problems are concerned



Exchange of experience in regional integration

here including provided LAC experience in approaching deep integration stages, such as currency union and common parliament



Scientific and technological cooperation

Mutual R&D investment promotion





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Thank you for your attention!

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The presentation materials and the press release link are to be available at the Commission's web-site https://eec.eaeunion.org/comission/department/dep_m akroec_pol/events/EECECLACreport/

