

EURASIAN ECONOMIC UNION

FACTS AND FIGURES





ANTITRUST REGULATION



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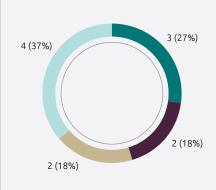
LAW ENFORCEMENT BY THE EEC TO MONITOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL COMPETITION RULES IN 2019

APPLICATIONS (DOCUMENTS) RECEIVED IN 2019



AS A RESULT OF CONSIDERATION:

2



Russian
Federation
Republic of
Belarus

Republic of Armenia
Republic of Kazakhstan



4 applications triggered investigations



Proposals were agreed and issued with regard to 2 applications (documents)



1 application was transferred to a local jurisdiction



no signs of violation were found with regard to 1 application



a Proposal is being negotiated with regard to 1 application



2 applications were dismissed due to non-compliance with the Procedure

Elaboration and Agreement of Proposals to Address Signs of Violations

The Commission applied the procedure for developing and agreeing proposals to address violations of the general competition rules and ensure competition in cross-border markets to 6 applications (documents) throughout 2019:

- » in the cross-border market of liquefied natural gas due to signs of abuse of dominance;
- » in the cross-border market of energy coal due to signs of abuse of dominance;
- » in the cross-border market of skylights due to signs of unfair competition;
- » in the cross-border market of cabling and wiring products due to signs of unfair competition;
- » in the cross-border market of thermal cutting machines due to signs of unfair competition (twice).

Agreed Proposals: Markets of Coal and Skylights

The application by PJSC Enel Russia (Russian Federation) on alleged violations in the market of KSN energy coal

| Market | Energy coal (KSN) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Signs of violation | Abuse of dominance by: |
| | » forcing to accept unfavorable contractual terms; |
| | » unjustified reduction in supplies of goods. |
| Results of consideration | A Proposal issued to settle disputes with the applicant, to elaborate and agree a trade and distribution policy that shall provide for equal and non-discriminatory terms for all consumers in the EAEU. The Proposal is currently in course of execution. |











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The documents provided by the Ministry of Antimonopoly Regulation and Trade of the Republic of Belarus on alleged violations in the market of skylights

| Market | Skylights |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signs of violation | Unfair competition by placement of incorrect comparative information about quality, consumer properties and warranty periods of goods on the Internet. |
| Results of consideration | A Proposal was issued to cease posting incorrect information about the competitor's products and publish retractions. The Proposal is currently in course of execution. |

Failure to Agree the Proposal: Markets of Thermal Cutting Machines and Cabling Products

Two applications by Avtogen-M LLC (Armenia) on alleged violation in the market of thermal cutting machines

| Market | Thermal cutting machines |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signs of violation | Unfair competition by using ORBITA trademark without permission by the rights holder. |
| Results of consideration | » The draft Proposal to cease the use of the trademark was not agreed upon. |
| | » Proceedings were initiated based on results of the investigation. |

The application by Rezhev Cable Plant LLC (Russian Federation) on alleged violation in the market of cabling products

| Market | Cabling products |
|--------------------------|--|
| Signs of violation | Unfair competition by distribution of unreliable information regarding the applicant's products. |
| Results of consideration | The draft Proposal was not agreed upon. Proceedings were initiated based on results of the investigation. |

Proposals under Negotiation: The Market of Liquefied Natural Gas

The application by LLP Global Gas Regazification (Kazakhstan) on alleged violation in the market of liquefied natural gas

| Market | Liquefied natural gas |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signs of violation | Abuse of dominance by forcing to accept unfavorable contractual terms. |
| Results of consideration | The draft Proposal to conclude a long-term contract for the supply of liquefied natural gas at a price reasonable in terms of economy, technology and other matters is under negotiation. |



| Market | Margarine | Confectionery |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Signs of violation | Abuse of dominance by esta low price for goods. | ablishing a monopolistically |
| Applicants | OJSC Minsk Margarine Plant (Belarus). | 6 confectionery manufacturers (Armenia). |
| Potential violators | Efko Group of Companies (Russian Federation). | KDV Group of Companies (Russian Federation). |
| Geographical boundaries | Belarus – Russia | EAEU |
| Share of potential violators | Efko Group: | KDV Group: |
| | in the cross-border market — 4.56%; | in the cross-border market — 16.3%; |
| | Russian market — 3.69%; | Armenian market — 3%; Belorussian market — 5% Kazakhstan market — 3% Kyrgyz market — 21%, and Russian market — 159 |
| | Belorussian market — 15.86%. | |
| Investigation | No violation was found due | to the lack of dominance. |









Investigations Resulting in Opening of Proceedings: The Market of Butter

| Market | Butter |
|---|--|
| Signs of violation | Unfair competition prohibited by clause 2, Article 76 of the Treaty. |
| Activities that constitute a possible violation | Using information about the Applicant as a manufacturer on the butter packaging made by the potential violator. |
| Applicant | JSC Milkavita (Belarus). |
| Potential violator | Nastoyashchee LLC (Russian Federation). |
| | » A draft Proposal was elaborated (not agreed with the potential violator). |
| | » Investigation was carried out, and a reasoned order was sent (Russian Federation). |
| Results of | » Proceedings were initiated. |
| consideration | The Commission found that Nastoyashchee butter could have been sold by 11 economic entities in the Russian Federation: IE Nasonova Z. V., Nastoyashchee LLC, Romashka LLC, Biomol LLC, Dobraya Pogoda LLC, Slavprodukt LLC, IE Zhunina N. V., Produktoria+ LLC, IE Lunkov D. A., Sitimilk LLC, and IE Kolomeitseva V. A. |



Investigations Resulting in Opening of Proceedings: The Market of Thermal Cutting Machines

| Market | Thermal cutting machines |
|---|--|
| Signs of violation | Unfair competition prohibited by clause 2, Article 76 of the Treaty. |
| Activities that constitute a possible violation | The use of ORBITA trademark when selling thermal cutting machines without the permission from the rights holder. |
| Applicant | Avtogen-M LLC (Armenia). |

| Market | Thermal cutting machines |
|--------------------------|---|
| Potential violators | Metallotekhnika LLC (Russian Federation); Metalloobrabotka LLC (Russian Federation). |
| Results of consideration | » A draft Proposal was developed (not agreed with the potential violator). |
| | » An investigation was carried out. |
| | » Proceedings were initiated. |



Investigations Resulting in Opening of Proceedings: The Market of Speech Processors for Cochlear Implants

| Market | Speech processors for cochlear implants |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signs of violation | The agreements that led to a territorial division of the market, which is prohibited by subcl. 3, cl. 3, Article 76 of the Treaty: |
| | » the trilateral agreement effective in the Republic of Belarus between Cochlear Europe Limited, Asomedica LLC and Staverton Business LLP (the distributor's agent); |
| | » the trilateral agreement effective in the Republic of Kazakhstan between Cochlear Europe Limited, Pharm Express LLP and LLC ANG Apparel Group (the distributor's agent); |
| | » the trilateral agreement effective in the Russian Federation between Cochlear Europe Limited, Euromax LLC and VMG Partners Ltd (the distributor's agent). |
| Applicant | Ministry of National Economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan. |
| Potential violators | Belvidad LLC (Belarus), Asomedica LLC (Belarus), LLP Pharm Express (Kazakhstan), LLP SPP VEK (Kazakhstan), and Euromax LLC (Russian Federation). |
| Results of consideration | An investigation and market analysis were carried out. Proceedings were initiated, reasoned orders were sent (to Kazakhstan, Belarus, and Russia). |
| | The Board admitted the violation. |









Investigations Resulting in Opening of

and Initiating Devices

Proceedings: Wholesale Markets of Explosives



Investigations Resulting in Opening of Proceedings: The Wholesale Market of Car Tires

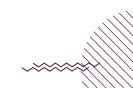
| Market | Wholesale distribution of car tires |
|---|---|
| Signs of violation | Coordination of economic activities of EAEU Member States' entities (market players) that leads to a territorial and compositional market division (cl. 6, Article 76 of the Treaty). |
| Activities that constitute a possible violation | Conclusion of contracts with dealers (distributors) allocating territories of sales and penalties in case of violation. |
| Applicant | The Commission conducted the investigation by its own initiative. |
| Potential violator | Trading House KAMA LLC (Russian Federation). |

| Market | Wholesale distribution of car tires |
|--------------------------|---|
| Results of consideration | An investigation and market analysis were carried out. Proceedings were initiated, a linguistic analysis conducted, and opinion of the EAEU Court received. The Board found no violation. |



Discontinued Investigations: The Market of Baker's Yeast

| Market | Baker's yeast |
|---|---|
| Signs of violation | Abuse of dominance, anti-competitive agreement, coordination of economic activities. |
| Activities that constitute a possible violation | Sale of compressed baker's yeast in Kazakhstan at lower prices than in Russia. |
| Applicant | JSC Almaty Yeast Plant (Kazakhstan). |
| Potential violators | Angel Yeast Rus LLC (Russian Federation); LLP Astana-Kompanion (Kazakhstan). |
| Results of consideration | A Draft Proposal was developed (not agreed with the potential violators). An investigation is under way (market analysis was performed). |
| | » Proceedings initiation was denied. |

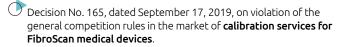


The Board Decisions on Cases Adopted in 2019

In 2019, the Commission's Board adopted 3 decisions in respect of the initiated cases of violation of the competition rules:



























| Market | Passenger air transportation |
|--|--|
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | Abuse of dominance by setting monopolistically high prices: increase of tickets price for scheduled flights |
| | operated by Russian airlines on the following routes: |
| | » Yerevan – Moscow; |
| Signs of violation | » Yerevan – Krasnodar; |
| | » Yerevan – Sochi; |
| | » Yerevan – Rostov-on-Don (both directions) |
| | due to the temporary closure of the Verkhny Lars |
| | checkpoint on June 23–July 6 and July 11, 2016. |
| Applicant | State Commission for the Protection of Economic |
| присопс | Competition of the Republic of Armenia. |
| | » PJSC Aeroflot — Russian Airlines; |
| | » JSC Rossiya Airlines; |
| Potential violators | » JSC Donavia; |
| | » PJSC Siberia Airlines; |
| | » JSC Ural Airlines (Russian Federation). |
| Geographical | Economic entities and their shares |
| boundaries | |
| Yerevan – | PJSC Aeroflot and PJSC Siberia: a total share of |
| | |
| Moscow | at least 50%. |
| Moscow Yerevan – Sochi | at least 50%. JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total |
| | |
| | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. |
| Yerevan – Sochi | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – Krasnodar | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – Krasnodar Yerevan – | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – Krasnodar Yerevan – | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – Krasnodar Yerevan – Rostov-on-Don | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. » An investigation and market analysis were carried out. |
| Yerevan – Sochi Yerevan – Krasnodar Yerevan – Rostov-on-Don | JSC Rossiya Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. JSC Ural Airlines and JSC Donavia: a total share of at least 50%. An investigation and market analysis were carried out. Proceedings were initiated, reasoned orders were sent |

| Market | Passenger air transportation |
|------------------------------|--|
| Decision of the EEC Board | To efficiently implement tariff subclasses, the airlines use their software to automatically open subclasses in tariff groups; in case of deviation of actual data from historical data, manual adjustment can be performed. |
| | » software for profit margin management, which is intellectual property of business entities in third countries; |
| | » software for sale and booking, seat allocation, electronic checkin, luggage registration, etc. |
| | the software is linked together |
| | No evidence of manual adjustment of tariff subclasses performed by airlines on June 23–July 6 and July 11, 2016, which led to or could have resulted in an increase of prices for flight tickets on the mentioned routes, was found . |



| Market | Wrought wheels |
|---|---|
| Signs of violation | Abuse of dominance by setting unreasonably different prices for wrought wheels leading to discriminatory conditions for consumers (subcl. 6, cl. 1, Article 76 of the Treaty). |
| Activities that constitute a possible violation | Setting different prices for consumers of wrought wheels in Kazakhstan and Russia. |
| Applicant | The Commission conducted the investigation on its own initiative. |
| Potential violators | Collectively, EVRAZ (Russian Federation) represented by » EvrazHolding LLC; » JSC Evraz Nizhniy Tagil Iron and Steel Works. Collectively, OMK (Russian Federation) represented by » JSC Vyksa Steel Works; » JSC United Metallurgical Company. |

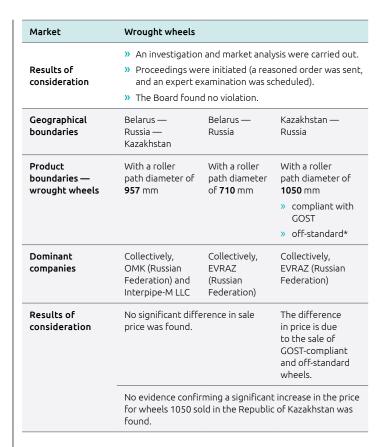












[&]quot;Off-standard" means that wheels 1050 have deviations in the structure, so that they should not be used for main railways (defective wheels).

The EEC Board Decision: The Market of Calibration Services for Medical Equipment

| Market | Calibration of medical equipment |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signs of violation | Existence and implementation of the agreement by competitors that led to a territorial division in the market of calibration services for ultrasound sensors of the FibroScan device, which is prohibited by subcl. 3, cl. 3, Article 76 of the Treaty. |
| Applicant | Ministry of National Economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan, upon the claim by LLP Scuderia (Kazakhstan). |
| Potential violators | Delrus LLC (Russian Federation) and LLP Delrus KZ (Kazakhstan). |
| Results of consideration | An investigation and market analysis were carried out. Proceedings were initiated, reasoned orders were sent (to Kazakhstan and Russia). The Board resolved that the general competition rules had been violated. Execution of the resolution was suspended due to appeal to the EAEU Court. |



FibroScan is a device specifically created and used by medical institutions to quantify the elasticity of liver, allowing to identify the stage of fibrosis in objective numeric values.

Maintenance of FibroScan is regulated by the manufacturer (Echosens) and includes, inter alia, calibration of ultrasonic sensors for FibroScan devices.











Market Calibration of medical equipment Existence and implementation of the prohibited agreement between LLP Delrus KZ and CJSC Delrus, which resulted in a territorial division in the market, is supported by the following evidence: CJSC Delrus unreasonably refused the Kazakh consumer (the applicant) to perform calibration of ultrasonic sensors of the FibroScan device in favor of the competitor (LLP Delrus KZ), given its ability to provide the said service; Results of a significant difference in the price (2.5 times higher consideration compared to the cost of ultrasonic sensor calibration by a competitor company LLP Delrus KZ); awareness of competitors (CJSC Delrus and LLP Delrus KZ) about each other's activities and redirection of buyers to service providers based on geography on a regular basis; actual market division: CJSC Delrus renders services to Russian business entities in Russia, and LLP Delrus KZ renders services to Kazakh business entities in Kazakhstan.







Eurasian Economic Union FACTS AND FIGURES



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